## SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Product Name** 

FOURTHANE RED LINE - FAST REPAIR SYSTEM FOR CONVEYOR BELTS (EA) (VOLUME 50CC)

### **1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

Supplier name	REMA TIP TOP AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address	Bldg 3, 20 Worth Street, Chullora, NSW, 2190, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	+61(0)2 8755 8444
Fax	+61(0)2 9742 3296
Emergency	(02) 9772 4899
Email	info@rema-tiptop.com.au
Web site	http://www.msdsonline.com.au/rema/
Synonym(s)	ETHYL ACETATE • VOLUME: 50CC
Use(s)	MULTIPART KIT • SOLVENT
SDS date	14 January 2015

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Risk Phrases		
R11	Highly flammable.	
R36	Irritating to eyes.	
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Safety Phrases		
S2	Keep out of reach of children.	
S9	Keep container in a well ventilated place.	
S16	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.	
S25	Avoid contact with eyes.	
S33	Take precautionary measures against static discharges.	
CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE		

UN Number	1133	Transport Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II	Hazchem Code	•3YE

## 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	205-500-4	100%

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
Advice to doctor	Treat symptomatically.



#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Highly flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Vapour may form explosive mixtures with air. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights, mobile phones, etc when handling. Earth containers when dispensing fluids.
Fire and explosion	Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing	Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.
Hazchem code	•3YE
	<ul> <li>Alcohol Resistant Foam is the preferred firefighting medium. Else use;</li> </ul>
	3 Normal Foam (protein based foam that is not alcohol resistant).
	Y Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.
	E Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.
Environmental precautions	Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.
Methods of cleaning up	Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.
References	See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

#### 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

**Storage** Store tightly sealed in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should be bunded and have appropriate fire protection and ventilation systems.

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure standards**

Handling

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Ethyl acetate	SWA (AUS)	200	720	400	1440

Biological limits

No biological limit allocated.

Engineering controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back.



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#### PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear PVA or barrier gloves.
Body	When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.
Respiratory	Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical stability	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid shock, friction, heavy impact, heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Material to avoid	Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), heat and ignition sources.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.
Hazardous Reactions	Polymerization is not expected to occur.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Health Hazard Summary	May be harmful - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in central nervous system (CNS) effects.
Еуе	Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.
Inhalation	Irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and headache. High level exposure may result in nausea, dizziness and drowsiness.
Skin	Irritant. Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.
Ingestion	May be harmful. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dizziness and



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drowsiness. Aspiration or inhalation may cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema. If the entire volume of solvent (50cc) was ingested by an individual weighing 80kg, the total volume ingested would equate to 500 mg/kg.

**Toxicity data** 

ETHYL ACETATE (141-78-6)

<b>L</b> 11	$(1 \pm 100)$	
	LC50 (inhalation)	1600 ppm/8hrs (rat)
	LCLo (inhalation)	77 mg/m³/1hr (guinea pig)
	LD50 (ingestion)	4100 mg/kg (mouse)
	LD50 (intraperitoneal)	709 mg/kg (mouse)
	LD50 (subcutaneous)	3000 mg/kg (guinea pig)
	TCLo (inhalation)	400 ppm (human)

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxicity	No information provided.
Persistence and degradability	No information provided.
Bioaccumulative potential	No information provided.
Mobility in soil	No information provided.
Other adverse effects	Aliphatic hydrocarbons behave differently in the environment depending on their size. WATER: Light aliphatics volatilise rapidly from water (half life - few hours). Bioconcentration should not be significant. SOIL: Light aliphatics biodegrade quickly in soil and water, heavy aliphatics biodegrade very slowly. ATMOSPHERE: Vapour-phase aliphatics will degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste disposal

Legislation

For small amounts, mix with sand and dispose of to approved landfill. For larger quantities, dissolve in flammable solvent and incinerate at an approved facility equipped with after burner and scrubber. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
UN Number	1133	1133	1133
Proper Shipping Name	ADHESIVES (contains Ethyl Acetate)	ADHESIVES (contains Ethyl Acetate)	ADHESIVES (contains Ethyl Acetate)
Transport Hazard Class	3	3	3
Packing Group	II	II	II
Environmental hazard	Is Not a Marine Pollutant		

**Environmental hazards** 

Special precautions for user Hazchem code -2VE

Hazchem code	•3YE
GTEPG	3A1
EMS	F-E, S-D
Other information	If transported as a kit UN 3269.



#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison schedule	Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).
Inventory Listing(s)	AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt. UNITED STATES: TSCA (US Toxic Substances Control Act) All components are listed on the TSCA inventory, or are exempt.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional information

This product is part of a kit. It is used in conjunction with FOURTHANE RED LINE - FAST REPAIR SYSTEM FOR CONVEYOR BELTS (PRIMER), FOURTHANE RED LINE - FAST REPAIR SYSTEM FOR CONVEYOR BELTS (CATALYST) and FOURTHANE RED LINE - FAST REPAIR SYSTEM FOR CONVEYOR BELTS (RESIN). Please refer to the appropriate SDS prior to use.

WORK PRACTICES - SOLVENTS: Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES: Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, ENGINEERING CONTROLS are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
	CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
	CNS	Central Nervous System
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
	Hq	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly
	P	alkaline).
	ppm	Parts Per Million
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	SWA	Safe Work Australia
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
	TWA	Time Weighted Average
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**Revision history** 

Revision	Description
1.1	Standard SDS Review
1.0	Initial SDS Creation

**Report status** 

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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## End of SDS

